

Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian Branch

Financial Report

For the year ended 31 December 2017

**Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,
West Australian Branch**

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**TO THE MEMBERS OF AUSTRALIAN RAIL TRAM AND BUS
INDUSTRY UNION, WEST AUSTRALIAN BRANCH****Report on the Audit of the Financial Report****Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian Branch (the Reporting unit), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the committee's declaration.

In our opinion:

- (1) The financial report of Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian Branch is in accordance with the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, including:
 - (i) presenting fairly, in all material respects, the Reporting unit's financial position as at 31 December 2017 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations); and
 - (iii) any other requirements imposed by Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.
- (2) The Reporting unit has kept satisfactory accounting records for the financial year including records of:
 - (i) the sources and nature of the Reporting units income, including membership subscriptions and other income from members; and
 - (ii) the nature of and reasons for the Reporting units expenditure.
- (3) All information and explanations that officers or employees of the Reporting unit were required to provide have been provided.
- (4) There was no deficiency, failure or shortcoming in any matters referred to in (1) to (3) above.
- (5) The management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the Reporting unit's financial statements is appropriate.

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF AUSTRALIAN RAIL TRAM AND
BUS INDUSTRY UNION, WEST AUSTRALIAN BRANCH
(CONTINUED)**

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the Reporting unit in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the operating report. Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Auditor's Declaration

- (1) In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of Australian professional ethical pronouncements.
- (2) I, Timothy Turner declare I am an approved auditor, member of CPA Australia and I hold a current Public Practice Certificate.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to note 1(w) in the financial report which highlights that the Reporting unit incurred a trading loss of \$40,559 (2016: \$151,172) during the year and had a decrease in net assets to \$55,645 (from \$96,204) as at 31 December 2017. These conditions, along with mitigating factors indicate the existence of uncertainty in relation to the ability of the entity to continue as a going concern and realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Responsibilities of the Branch Committee for the Financial Report

The committee of management of the Reporting unit are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 and for such internal control as the committee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the committee are responsible for assessing the Reporting unit's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the committee either intend to liquidate the Reporting unit or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Reporting unit's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the committee.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the committee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Reporting unit's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Reporting unit to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the business activities within the reporting unit to express an opinion on the financial report. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the reporting unit audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

We communicate with the committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

HTG PARTNERS



TIMOTHY TURNER

PARTNER

AUDITOR REGISTRATION NUMBER AA2017/123

Signed at Perth on this 24th day of May 2018

AUSTRALIAN RAIL, TRAM AND BUS INDUSTRY UNION,
WEST AUSTRALIAN BRANCH

Opinion on the recovery of wages activity financial report

The scope of my work extended to the recovery of wages activity and I have audited the recovery of wages activity financial report for the year ended 31 December 2017.

In my opinion, the financial statements and notes and recovery of wages activity financial report properly and fairly report all information required by the reporting guidelines of the General Manager, including:

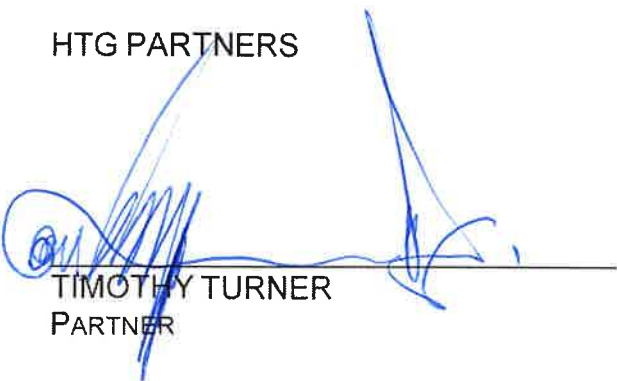
- (a) any fees charged to, or reimbursements of expenses deemed from members and others for recovery of wages activity; and
- (b) any donations or other contributions deducted from recovered money.

Responsibilities

The committee of Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the recovery of wages activity financial report in accordance with the reporting guidelines of the General Manager.

My responsibility is to express an opinion on the recovery of wages activity financial report, based on my audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

HTG PARTNERS



TIMOTHY TURNER
PARTNER

Signed at Perth on this 24th day of May 2018

**Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,
West Australian Branch**

Certificate by Prescribed Designated Officer

For the year ended 31 December 2017

I, Philip Woodcock, being the officer responsible of the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian Branch, certify:

- That the documents lodged herewith are copies of the full report for the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian Branch for the period ended 31 December 2017 referred to in s.268 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
- That the full report was provided to members of the reporting unit on [insert date]; and
- That the full report was presented to a meeting of the committee of management of the reporting unit on [insert date] in accordance with s.266 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

Signature of prescribed designated officer

Name of prescribed designated officer Philip Woodcock

Title of prescribed designated officer

Date

Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian Branch

Operating Report

For the year ended 31 December 2017

The committee presents its report on the reporting unit for the financial year ended 31 December 2017.

Review of principal activities, the results of those activities and any significant changes in the nature of those activities during the year

The principal activity of the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian Branch ("**the Reporting unit**") during the financial year was as a transport industry union. There were no significant changes in the Reporting unit's activity during the financial year.

Significant changes in the financial affairs

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Reporting unit's principal activity during the financial year.

Right of members to resign

All members of the Reporting unit have the right to resign from the Union in accordance with Rule 14 of the Union Rules (and Section 174 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009); namely by providing notice addressed and delivered to the Secretary of the Branch, including via email.

Officers & employees who are superannuation fund trustee(s) or director of a company that is a superannuation fund trustee

To the best of our knowledge and belief, no officer of the Reporting unit, by virtue of their office of the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian Branch is:

- a. A trustee of a superannuation entity or exempt public sector superannuation scheme; or
- b. A director of a company that is the trustee of a superannuation entity or an exempt public sector superannuation scheme; and
- c. Where a criterion for the officer being the trustee or director is that the office is an officer of a registered organisation.

Number of members

Number of members on the register of members on 31 December 2017 was 737 (2016: 753)

Number of employees

As at 31 December 2017, the Reporting unit employed one full time Elected Official, three full time employees and one casual employee.

**Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,
West Australian Branch**

Names of Committee of Management members and period positions held during the financial year

The names of each person who has been a member of the committee of management of the Reporting unit at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such a position is as follows:

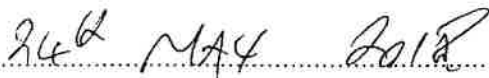
Name	Title of Officer	Period of Appointment
Philip Woodcock	Branch Secretary	01/01/17 to 31/12/17
Vacant	President	01/01/17 to 31/12/17
Craig McKinley	Vice President	01/01/17 to 31/12/17
Walter Rowe	Goldfields North Sub Branch Secretary	01/01/17 to 31/12/17
Jayson Manners	Metro Sub Branch Secretary	01/01/17 to 31/12/17
Peter Visentin	Metro Sub Branch Secretary (Interstate)	01/01/17 to 31/12/17
Cade Pollock	Southwest Sub Branch Committee Member	01/01/17 to 31/12/17
Craig Svendsen	Wheatbelt Sub Branch Secretary	01/01/17 to 31/12/17

Signature of designated officer:



Name and title of designated officer: Philip Woodcock, Branch Secretary

Dated:



**Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,
West Australian Branch**

Committee of Management Statement

For the year ended 31 December 2017

On the 24th May 2018 at a Committee of Management meeting of the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian Branch the following resolution was passed in relation to the general purpose financial report for the year ended 31 December 2017:

The Committee of Management declares that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with any other requirement imposed by the reporting guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009 (the RO Act);
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the Reporting unit for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Reporting unit will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the General Purpose Financial Report relates and since the end of that year:
 - (i) meetings of the committee of management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of a branch concerned; and
 - (ii) the financial affairs of the Reporting unit have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of a branch concerned; and
 - (iii) the financial records of the Reporting unit have been kept and maintained in accordance with the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009; and
 - (iv) where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner with each of the other reporting units of the organisation; and
 - (v) where information has been sought in any request by a member of the reporting unit or Commissioner duly made under section 272 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 has been provided to the member or Commissioner; and
 - (vi) where any order for inspection of financial records has been made by the Registered Organisations Commission under section 273 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, there has been compliance.
- (f) no revenue has been derived from undertaking recovery of wages activity during the reporting period.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

Signature of designated officer:



Name and title of designated officer: Philip Woodcock, Branch Secretary

Dated: 24th MAY 2018.

**Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,
West Australian Branch**

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 \$	2016 \$
Revenue			
Membership subscription		401,366	422,936
Capitation fees		-	-
Levies	2	16,649	17,210
Interest		215	1,239
Rental revenue		-	-
Other revenue	2	173,243	174,864
Total revenue		<u>591,473</u>	<u>616,249</u>
Other Income			
Grants and donations		-	-
Share of net profit from associate		-	-
Net gains from sale of assets		-	-
Net gain on fair value movement on financial assets held for trading		-	-
Net result from investment properties	15	41,680	44,903
Total other income		<u>41,680</u>	<u>44,903</u>
Total revenue and other income		<u>633,153</u>	<u>661,152</u>
Expenses			
Employee expenses	3	(423,363)	(502,568)
Capitation fees	3	(58,198)	(61,326)
Affiliation fees	3	(24,257)	(13,072)
Administration expenses	3	(52,483)	(147,227)
Grants or donations	3	(1,320)	-
Depreciation and amortisation	3	(6,924)	(8,742)
Finance costs		-	-
Legal costs	3	(15,772)	(21,580)
Audit and accounting fees	18	(31,485)	(9,010)
Share of net loss from associate		-	-
Write-down and impairment of assets	8	(17,813)	-
Net losses from sale of assets		-	-
Other expenses	3	(42,097)	(48,799)
Total expenses		<u>(673,712)</u>	<u>(812,324)</u>
Loss for the year		<u>(40,559)</u>	<u>(151,172)</u>
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		<u>(40,559)</u>	<u>(151,172)</u>

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

**Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,
West Australian Branch**

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 \$	2016 \$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	76,039	101,573
Trade and other receivables	5	296,125	240,133
Other current assets	6	10,464	12,903
Other investments	7	5,180	5,180
Total current assets		387,808	359,789
Non-Current Assets			
Plant and equipment	8	13,331	38,068
Total non-Current assets		13,331	38,068
Total assets		401,139	397,857
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade payables and accruals	9	130,205	79,563
Other payables	10	22,349	20,317
Employee entitlements	11	162,040	178,026
Provisions	12	30,900	23,747
Total current liabilities		345,494	301,653
Non-Current Liabilities			
Employee entitlements		-	-
Other non-current liabilities		-	-
Total non-current liabilities		-	-
Total liabilities		345,494	301,653
Net liability		55,645	96,204
EQUITY			
General funds	13	-	-
Retained earnings		55,645	96,204
Total equity		55,645	96,204

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

**Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,
West Australian Branch**

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Retained earnings \$	Total Equity \$
Balance as at 1 January 2016	247,376	247,376
Loss for the year	(151,172)	(151,172)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Closing balance as at 31 December 2016	<u>96,204</u>	<u>96,204</u>
Balance as at 1 January 2017	96,204	96,204
Loss for the year	(40,559)	(40,559)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Closing balance as at 31 December 2017	<u>55,645</u>	<u>55,645</u>

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

**Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,
West Australian Branch**

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 \$	2016 \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Members		401,366	422,936
Interest		215	1,239
Other		97,580	192,074
Receipts from other controlled entities/reporting units		82,607	-
Cash used			
Employees		(439,349)	(500,860)
Suppliers		(160,353)	(375,576)
Payments to other controlled entities		(7,600)	-
Net cash used by operating activities	14	<u>(25,534)</u>	<u>(260,187)</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment		-	-
Proceeds from sale of land and buildings		-	-
Proceeds from investments properties		-	-
Cash used			
Purchase of plant and equipment		-	-
Purchase of land and buildings		-	-
Repayment of rental bond		-	-
Net cash used by investing activities		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received			
Contributed equity		-	-
Other		-	97,910
Cash used			
Repayment of borrowings		-	-
Other		-	(52,028)
Net cash from financing activities		<u>-</u>	<u>45,882</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		(25,534)	(214,305)
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		101,573	315,878
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	4	<u>76,039</u>	<u>101,573</u>

The above statement should be read in conjunction with the notes.

**Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,
West Australian Branch**

Recovery of Wages Activity

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Cash assets in respect of recovered money at beginning of year	-	-
Receipts		
Amounts recovered from employers in respect of wages etc.	-	-
Interest received on recovered money	-	-
Total receipts	-	-
Payments		
Deductions of amounts due in respect of membership for:		
12 months or less	-	-
Greater than 12 months	-	-
Deductions of donations or other contributions to accounts or funds of:		
The reporting unit:		
name of account	-	-
name of fund	-	-
Name of other reporting unit of the organisation:		
name of account	-	-
name of fund	-	-
Name of other entity:		
name of account	-	-
name of fund	-	-
Deductions of fees or reimbursement of expenses	-	-
Payments to workers in respect of recovered money	-	-
Total payments	-	-
Cash assets in respect of recovered money at end of year	-	-
Number of workers to which the monies recovered relates	-	-
Aggregate payables to workers attributable to recovered monies but not yet distributed		
Payable balance	-	-
Number of workers the payable relates to	-	-
Fund or account operated for recovery of wages	-	-

**Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,
West Australian Branch**

Notes to the Financial Statements

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Note 5	Trade and other receivables
Note 6	Other current assets
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Note 8	Plant and equipment
Note 9	Trade creditors and accruals
Note 10	Other payables
Note 11	Employee entitlements
Note 12	Provisions
Note 13	Equity Reserves
Note 14	Cash flow reconciliation
Note 15	Contingent liabilities, assets and commitments
Note 16	Related party transactions for the reporting period
Note 17	Key management personnel
Note 18	Remuneration of auditor
Note 19	Financial instruments
Note 20	Fair value measurement
Note 21	Events after the reporting period
Note 22	Section 272 Fair Work (Registered organisations) Act 2009

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period and the Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009. For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, the Reporting unit is a not-for-profit entity.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost, except for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. No allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

a) Comparative amounts

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

b) Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The following accounting assumptions or estimates have been identified that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

Employee entitlements

The liability for employee benefits expected to be settled more than 12 months from the reporting date are recognised and measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows to be made in respect of all employees at the reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation have been taken into account.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The Reporting unit determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Death benefit provision

The death benefit provision is calculated using a three year average of known claims present valued over a number of years and discounted at 10%.

**Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,
West Australian Branch**

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

c) New Australian Accounting Standards

Adoption of New Australian Accounting Standard Requirements

No accounting standard has been adopted earlier than the application date stated in the standard.

Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements

The following Australian Accounting Standards have been issued early but are not yet effective. The following have not been adopted in preparation of the financial statements at the reporting date but will be adopted at application date. The impact of the adoption has not yet been determined.

AASB No.	Title	Application date of standard	Issue date
AASB 9	Financial Instruments	1 January 2018	December 2014
AASB 2010-7	Amendments arising from Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2010)	1 January 2018	September 2012
AASB 2014-1	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Part E - Financial Instruments	Part E - 1 January 2018	June 2014
AASB 2014-5	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standard arising From AASB 15	1 January 2019	December 2014
AASB 2014-7	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standard arising From AASB 9 (December 2014)	1 January 2018	December 2014
AASB 2015-8	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Effective Date of AASB 15	1 January 2019	October 2015
AASB 2016-3	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Clarifications to AASB 15	1 January 2019	May 2016
AASB 2016-5	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions [AASB 2]	1 January 2018	July 2016
AASB 2016-6	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Applying AASB 9 Financial Instruments with AASB 4 Insurance Contracts [AASB 4]	1 January 2018	October 2016
AASB 2016-8	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Australian Implementation Guidance for Not-for-Profit Entities	1 January 2019	December 2019
AASB 15	Revenues from Contracts with Customers	1 January 2019	October 2015
AASB 16	Leases	1 January 2019	February 2016
AASB 17	Insurance Contracts	1 January 2019	20 July 2017
AASB 1058	Income of Not-for-Profit Entities	1 January 2019	December 2016
AASB 2017-1	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Transfer of Investment Property, Annual Improvements 2014-2016 Cycle & other amendments.	1 January 2019	December 2016
Interpretation 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatment	1 January 2019	August 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

d) Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Revenue from subscriptions is accounted for on an accrual basis and is recorded as revenue in the year to which it relates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when, the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, the entity retains no managerial involvement or effective control over the goods, the revenue and transaction costs incurred can be reliably measured, and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity.

Donation income is recognised when it is received.

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30 day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any impairment allowance account. Collectability of debts is reviewed at end of the reporting period. Allowances are made when collectability of the debt is no longer probable.

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

Rental revenue from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease

e) Government grants

Non-reciprocal grant revenue is recognised in profit or loss when the entity obtains control of the grant and it is probable that the economic benefits gained from the grant will flow to the entity and the amount can be measured reliably. If conditions are attached to the grant which must be satisfied the recognition of the grant is deferred until those conditions are satisfied.

When grant revenue is received whereby the entity incurs an obligation to deliver economic value directly back to the contributor, this is considered a reciprocal transaction and the grant revenue is recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability until the service has been delivered to the contributor.

f) Gains and losses

Sale of assets

Gains and losses from disposal of assets are recognised when control of the asset has passed to the buyer.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

g) Capitation fees and levies

Capitation fees and levies are to be recognised on an accrual basis and recorded as a revenue and/or expense in the year to which it relates.

h) Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 Employee Benefits) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the reporting unit in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

It is the Reporting unit's policy to pay pro-rata long service leave to staff who resign irrespective of their period of employment.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. The Reporting unit recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

i) Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other lease are classified as operating leases.

Where an asset is acquired by means of a finance lease, the asset is capitalised at either the fair value of the lease property or, if lower, the present value of minimum lease payments at the inception of the contract and liability is recognised at the same time and for the same amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

The discount rate used is the interest rate implicit in the lease. Leased assets are amortised over the period of the lease. Lease payments are allocated between the principal component and the interest expense.

Operating lease payments are expensed on a straight line basis which is representative of the pattern of benefits derived from the leased assets.

Rental revenue from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

j) Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

k) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position.

l) Trade and other receivables

Other receivables are recognised at amortisation cost, less any provision for impairment. The amounts are usually due for settlement no more than 30 days after recognition. Collectability of debtors is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts, which are known to be uncollectable, are written off.

m) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Reporting unit becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

n) Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale financial assets and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised upon trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the reporting unit manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the reporting units documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and AASB 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

Held-to-maturity investments

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the reporting unit has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Available-for-sale

Listed shares and listed redeemable notes held by the reporting unit that are traded in an active market are classified as available-for-sale and are stated at fair value. The reporting unit also has investments in unlisted shares that are not traded in an active market but that are also classified as available-for-sale financial assets and stated at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve, with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, which are recognised in profit or loss. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the reporting unit right to receive the dividends is established. The fair value of available-for-sale monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period. The foreign exchange gains and losses that are recognised in profit or loss are determined based on the amortised cost of the monetary asset. Other foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Loan and receivables

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest rate basis except for debt instruments other than those financial assets that are recognised at fair value through profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the reporting units past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 60 days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

In respect of available-for-sale equity securities, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. In respect of available-for-sale debt securities, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Reporting unit derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. The difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

o) Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position, but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable, but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

p) Land, buildings, plant and equipment

Asset recognition threshold

Purchases of land, buildings, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Revaluation adjustments are made on a class basis. Any revaluation increment is credited to equity under the heading of asset revaluation reserve except to the extent that it reversed a previous revaluation decrement of the same asset class that was previously recognised in the profit/loss. Revaluation decrements for a class of assets are recognised directly in the profit or loss except to the extent that they reverse a previous revaluation increment for that class. Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the asset is restated to the revalued amount.

Depreciation

Depreciable property, plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the diminishing value method of depreciation. Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following rates:

Motor Vehicles	22.5%
Plant and equipment	5-40%

Derecognition

An item of land, buildings, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit and loss.

q) Investment property

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including property under construction for such purposes). Investment properties are measured initially at its costs, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

r) Impairment for non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the Reporting unit were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

s) Taxation

The Reporting unit is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office; and
- for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the cash flow statement on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified within operating cash flows.

t) Fair value measurement

The Reporting unit measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 18.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Reporting unit. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Reporting unit uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Reporting unit determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Reporting unit has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

u) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods or services provided to the Reporting unit by a third party during the financial year that remain unpaid at year end. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

v) Allocation of revenue and expenses between the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union of West Australian PTA Branch (PTA Branch) and the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union West Australian Branch (WA Branch)

On 21 May 2015, a deed of agreement was signed between the WA Branch and the PTA Branch of the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union (Federal Body) (RTBU) and the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union of Employees, West Australian Branch (State Organisation) (ARTBIU) whereby, amongst other matters, it was agreed between the parties that:

- (a) RTBU will provide services to the ARTBIU; and
- (b) The RTBU PTA and WA Branch undertake that they are jointly responsible for the payment of general resources, employee costs and other associated administration expenses. All costs expended by the RTBU shall be distributed between the WA Branch and the PTA Branch in proportion to the number of members declared in the annual returns submitted in accordance with the obligations under the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.

The apportionment to be used for the 2017 financial year based on the number of members declared on 31 December 2016 is 55% /45% (2016: 55% /45%).

The following exceptions apply to the general rule above:

- Branch secretary employment benefits will be allocated individually in each branch;
- All other employee benefit provisions will be held in the WA Branch; and
- Depreciation expense to be recognised by the entity that owns the respective asset.

The RTBU and ARTBIU agree that preservation of assets must be safeguarded in the interests of the entire RTBU membership and that no assets (including real property) shall be disposed of or otherwise dealt with without the consent of the RTBU National Executive and ARTBIU Executive.

This agreement was approved by the Full Bench of the Western Australian Industrial Relations Commission on 27 March 2017 under s71(7) of the Industrial Relations Act 1979 (Western Australia).

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

w) Going concern

The Reporting unit has net assets of \$55,645 as at 31 December 2017 (31 December 2016 \$96,204) and incurred a trading loss of \$40,559 (2016 \$151,172) for the year ended on that date.

The Reporting unit's ability to continue as a going concern and meet its debts and future commitments as and when they fall due is dependent on:

1. Returning to a positive trading position by increasing revenues through increased membership numbers and subscriptions and reducing overhead expenditure.
2. Generating a positive cash flow through increased revenues and reducing overhead expenditure.
3. The sale of investment properties with a carrying value of \$3,050,000 owned by the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union of Employees, West Australian Branch on behalf its members and the members of the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian PTA Branch and the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian Branch, subject to necessary consents.

The financial report has been prepared on a going concern basis as the committee of management believe the matters set out above are achievable. Refer further to Note 1(v) which outlines the assets (including the investment properties outlined in point 3 above) must be safe guarded in the interests of the entire RTBU membership.

Should the Reporting unit be unable to achieve the matters set out above, there is significant uncertainty as to whether it will be able to continue as a going concern and pay its debts as and when they fall due and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability or classification of recorded assets or to the amounts or classification of liabilities that might be necessary if the Reporting unit does not continue as a going concern.

The reporting unit has received an agreed financial support from the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union of Employees, West Australian Branch to continue on a going concern basis.

The reporting unit has not agreed to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they can continue on a going concern basis.

x) Acquisition of assets

The Reporting unit did not acquire assets or liabilities from another reporting unit as a result of an amalgamation, determination or revocation or alternative reporting structure under the RO Act, or a restructure of the branches.

Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,

West Australian Branch

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

y) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has a legal or constructive obligations, as a result of past events, for which is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Provisions recognised represent the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

Note 2 Revenue

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Other revenue		
Shared services revenue from related reporting unit	117,670	158,169
Journey cover	15,255	16,360
Photocopier lease incentive revenue (refer to Note 12(iii))	10,087	-
Settlement of legal costs	29,827	-
Sundry revenue	404	335
	<u>173,243</u>	<u>174,864</u>
Capitation fees		
Capitation fees received	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Levies		
Organiser's levy	16,649	17,210
	<u>16,649</u>	<u>17,210</u>
Grants or donations		
Grants or donations received	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,

West Australian Branch

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 3 Expenses

Employee expenses

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Holders of office:		
Wages and salaries	127,398	129,726
Superannuation	21,864	19,647
Leave and other entitlements	12,611	(2,437)
Separation and redundancies	-	-
Other employee expenses	-	-
Subtotal employee expenses holders of office	161,873	146,936
Employees other than office holders:		
Wages and salaries	260,028	315,010
Superannuation	30,059	36,478
Leave and other entitlements	(28,597)	4,144
Separation and redundancies	-	-
Other employee expenses	-	-
Subtotal employee expenses employees other than office holders	261,490	355,632
Total employee expenses	423,363	502,568
Capitation fees		
ARTBIU National Office	58,198	61,326
Total capitation fees	58,198	61,326
Affiliation fees		
Australian Labour Party	5,788	5,971
Australian Council of Trade Unions	4,101	4,615
Unions WA	14,368	2,486
Total affiliation fees	24,257	13,072

Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,

West Australian Branch

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Note 3 Expenses (continued)		
Administration expenses		
Consideration to employers for payroll deductions	-	-
Compulsory levies	-	-
Fees/allowances - meeting and conferences	-	-
Conference and meeting expenses	18,311	11,195
Contractors/consultants	-	-
Property operating expenses	4,755	72,376
Office expenses	24,260	20,962
Information communications technology	1,300	8,697
Other	3,857	33,997
Total administration expense	52,483	147,227
Grants or donations		
Grants:		
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	-	-
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	-	-
Donations:		
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	1,320	-
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	-	-
Total grants or donations	1,320	-
Depreciation		
Depreciation		
Property, plant and equipment	6,924	8,742
Total depreciation	6,924	8,742
Legal costs		
Litigation	-	-
Other legal matters	15,772	21,580
Total legal costs	15,772	21,580
Other expenses		
Bank fees	4,948	-
Penalties - via RO Act or RO Regulations	-	-
Insurance	18,614	21,874
Vehicle expenses	6,362	6,403
Fringe benefits tax	2,878	5,038
Death Benefit	3,000	8,200
Other expenses	6,295	7,284
Total other expenses	42,097	48,799

Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,**West Australian Branch****Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Note 4 Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at bank – Operating Account	71,730	97,405
Cash at bank – Drivers' Insurance Fund Account	4,309	4,168
Cash on hand	-	-
Short term deposits	-	-
Other	-	-
Total cash and cash equivalents	76,039	101,573
Note 5 Trade and other receivables		
Receivables from other reporting units		
Loan to the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian PTA Branch	-	36,318
The Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian PTA Branch	296,125	203,815
ARTBIU National Office	-	-
Total receivables from other reporting units	296,125	240,133
Less provision for doubtful debts		
The Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian PTA Branch	-	-
ARTBIU National Office	-	-
Total provision for doubtful debts	-	-
Net receivable from other reporting units	296,125	240,133
Other receivables		
Other receivables	-	-
Total other receivables	-	-
Total net trade and other receivables	296,125	240,133
Note 6 Other current assets		
Prepaid expenses	10,464	12,903
Total other current assets	10,464	12,903
Note 7 Other investments		
Shares in listed corporations – held	5,180	5,180
Deposits	-	-
Other	-	-
Total other investments	5,180	5,180

Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,

West Australian Branch

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Note 8 Plant and equipment		
Motor vehicles:		
At cost	37,727	37,727
Accumulated depreciation	(30,519)	(28,427)
	<u>7,208</u>	<u>9,300</u>
Plant and equipment:		
At cost	52,731	121,928
Accumulated depreciation	(46,608)	(93,160)
	<u>6,123</u>	<u>28,768</u>
Total plant and equipment	<u>13,331</u>	<u>38,068</u>

Reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of plant and equipment

2017	Motor vehicles \$	Plant and equipment \$	Total \$
As at 1 January 2017			
Gross book value	37,727	121,928	159,655
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(28,427)	(93,160)	(121,587)
Net book value 1 January 2017	<u>9,300</u>	<u>28,768</u>	<u>38,068</u>
Additions:			
By purchase	-	-	-
From acquisition of entities (including restructuring)	-	-	-
Impairment	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	(2,092)	(4,832)	(6,924)
Disposals	-	-	-
Other (i)	-	(17,813)	(17,813)
Net book value 31 December 2017	<u>7,208</u>	<u>6,123</u>	<u>13,331</u>
Net book value as of 31 December 2017 represented by:			
Gross book value	37,727	52,731	90,458
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(30,519)	(46,608)	(77,127)
Net book value 31 December 2017	<u>7,208</u>	<u>6,123</u>	<u>13,331</u>

- (i) The plant and equipment was written off as it was identified that these assets were incorporated in the carrying value of the land and building held by the Australian Rail, Train and Bus Industry Union of Employees, West Australian Branch.

Refer further to Notes 15 and 16.

Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

2016

As at 1 January 2016

	Motor vehicles \$	Plant and equipment \$	Total \$
Gross book value	37,727	121,928	159,655
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(25,727)	(87,118)	(112,845)
Net book value 1 January 2016	12,000	34,810	46,810

Additions:

By purchase	-	-	-
From acquisition of entities (including restructuring)	-	-	-
Impairment	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	(2,700)	(6,042)	(8,742)
Disposals	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Net book value 31 December 2016	9,300	28,768	38,068

Net book value as of 31 December 2016 represented by:

Gross book value	37,727	121,928	159,655
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(28,427)	(93,160)	(121,587)
Net book value 31 December 2016	9,300	28,768	38,068

Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union,

West Australian Branch

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Note 9 Trade payables and accruals		
Trade creditors and accruals	30,239	21,167
Subtotal trade creditors	30,239	21,167
Payables to other reporting units		
The Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian PTA Branch	-	-
The Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union of Employees, West Australia Branch	3,286	6,277
ARTBIU National Office	96,680	52,119
Subtotal payables to other reporting units	99,966	58,396
Total trade payables	130,205	79,563
Settlement of payables is usually made within 30 days.		
Note 10 Other payables		
Wages and salaries	-	-
Superannuation	4,943	6,350
Legal costs	-	-
Unearned revenue	-	-
GST payable	9,121	2,369
Consideration to employers for payroll deductions	-	-
PAYG	7,868	11,480
Other payables	417	118
Total other payables	22,349	20,317
Settlement generally is within 30 days.		
Total other payables are expected to be settled in:		
No more than 12 months	22,349	20,317
More than 12 months	-	-
Total other payables	22,349	20,317

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	2017 \$	2016 \$
Note 11 Employee entitlements		
Office holders:		
Annual leave	18,139	10,770
Long service leave	33,018	27,775
Separations and redundancies	-	-
Other	-	-
Subtotal employee entitlements—office holders	51,157	38,545
Employees other than office holders:		
Annual leave	30,737	62,273
Long service leave	80,146	77,208
Separation and redundancies	-	-
Other	-	-
Subtotal employee entitlements—employees other than office holders	110,883	139,481
Total employee entitlements	162,040	178,026
Current	162,040	178,026
Non-current	-	-
Total employee entitlements	162,040	178,026
Note 12 Provisions		
Death benefit provision (i)	21,247	23,497
Driver insurance provision (ii)	2,500	250
Onerous lease provision (iii)	7,153	-
	30,900	23,747

(i) Death benefit provision

The entity agrees to pay \$1,500 to the spouse of a deceased member on the production of a death certificate. The provision is calculated as the net present value of the estimated payouts based upon part payouts. The discount rate is 10%.

(ii) Driver insurance provision

Established to assist driver members with insurance excess in certain limited circumstances.

(iii) Onerous lease provision

During the year the entity discontinued using a photocopier which is still under contract. The provision is calculated as the reporting unit's share of the net present value of the remaining lease payments under contract.

The reporting unit was given an incentive payment to enter into a new photocopier lease contract (refer to Note 2).

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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Note 13 Equity

Note 13A General funds

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Balance as at start of year	-	-
Transferred to reserve	-	-
Transferred out of reserve	-	-
Balance as at end of year	-	-

Note 13B Other Specific disclosures – Funds

Other funds	-	-
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Compulsory levy/voluntary contribution fund – if invested in assets

Other funds	-	-
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Other fund(s) required by rules

Balance as at start of year	-	-
Transferred to reserve	-	-
Transferred out of reserve	-	-
Balance as at end of year	-	-

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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	2017 \$	2016 \$
Note 14 Cash flow reconciliation		
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per Statement of Financial Position to Cash Flow Statement:		
Cash and cash equivalents as per:		
Cash flow statement	76,039	101,573
Statement of Financial Position	76,039	101,573
Difference	-	-
Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash from operating activities:		
Profit/(loss) for the year	(40,559)	(151,172)
Adjustments for non-cash items		
Depreciation/amortisation	6,924	8,742
Write-down of non-financial assets	17,813	-
Fair value movement in investments	-	-
Gain/loss on disposal of assets	-	-
Distribution from investment properties	-	(44,903)
Changes in assets/liabilities		
(Increase)/decrease in net receivables	(92,311)	-
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments	2,439	17,623
Increase/(decrease) in payables	88,993	(92,185)
Increase/(decrease) in employee entitlements	(15,986)	1,708
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	7,153	-
Net cash from (used by) operating activities	(25,534)	(260,187)
Cash flow information		
Cash inflows from reporting unit:		
- The Australian Rail, Tram & Bus Industry Union of Employees, Western Australian Branch	46,289	-
- Australian Rail, Tram & Bus Industry Union, Western Australian PTA Branch	36,318	-
Total cash inflows	82,607	-
Cash outflows to reporting unit – The Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union of Employees, West Australian Branch	(7,600)	-
Total cash outflows	(7,600)	-

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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Note 15 Contingent liabilities, assets and commitments

Operating lease commitments – as lessee

The operating lease is for photocopiers that are leased by the Reporting Unit. The Reporting Unit pays the lease through fixed monthly instalments.

Future minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases as at 31 December are as follows:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Within one year	14,640	7,680
After one year but no more than five years	28,780	12,160
More than five years	-	-
	43,420	19,840
Less Amounts recorded as provision for onerous lease	(7,153)	-
Less: Amounts recorded as provision for onerous lease by related reporting unit	(5,852)	-
	30,415	-

Finance lease commitments

The Reporting unit had no finance lease commitments during the 2017 and 2016 financial year.

Other contingent assets of liabilities

The Reporting unit has a contingent asset in relation to properties held in title by the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union of Employees, West Australian Branch. Two of the three properties are investment properties, 630 Murray Street and 224 Stirling Street, and the other is owner occupied, 10 Nash Street.

The revenue derived from and expenses incurred in relation to these properties are shared between the Reporting units based on the 55% /45% split detailed in the policy note. Based on the above information the members of the Reporting unit may have a claim on the value of the properties.

The combined value of the properties in the records of the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union of Employees, West Australian Branch as at 31 December 2017 is \$3,635,000 (2016: \$3,650,000).

The net result distributed by the Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union of Employees, West Australian Branch to the Reporting unit on 2017 is \$41,680 (2016 \$44,903), recognised on the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

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Note 16 Related party transactions for the reporting period

Related parties and nature of their relationship

The Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union – National Office (National Office)

- This is the National Office of the West Australian Branch.

The Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union, West Australian PTA Branch (PTA Branch)

- This is another West Australian regulated Reporting unit and is a related party due to the history between the two Reporting units and the continued shared services between them.

The Australian Rail, Tram and Bus Industry Union of Employees, West Australian Branch (State Branch)

- This is a West Australian regulated Reporting unit and is a related party that holds the title of all 3 properties jointly held by WA branch and the Reporting unit.

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant year:

	2017 \$	2016 \$
<u>National Office</u>		
Expenses to National Office		
Capitation fees	(58,198)	(61,326)
Amounts owed to National Office		
Capitation fees owed to National Office	(96,680)	(52,119)
<u>State Branch</u>		
Revenue from State Branch		
Net results from Investment properties	41,680	44,903
Net payable to State Branch	(3,286)	(6,277)
<u>PTA Branch</u>		
Revenue from PTA Branch		
Shared services	117,670	158,169
Amounts receivable from PTA Branch		
Other receivable from PTA	139,715	45,645
Shared services receivable from PTA Branch	156,410	158,169
Loan receivable from PTA Branch	-	36,318
	<u>296,125</u>	<u>240,132</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to these that prevail in arms' length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables for the year ended 31 December 2017, the reporting unit has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owned by related parties (2016: \$Nil) This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of related party and the contingent assets which are likely to be available to settle the receivables.

The shared resources expenses are described on policy note 1v.

Note 17 Key management personnel

(a) Remuneration for the reporting period

The only key management personnel is the Officer of the Reporting unit, Philip Woodcock.

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Short-term employee benefits		
Salary (including annual leave taken)	127,398	129,726
Annual leave accrued	7,368	(3,097)
Performance bonus	-	-
Other	-	-
Total short-term employee benefits	134,766	126,629
Post-employment benefits:		
Superannuation	21,864	19,647
Total post-employment benefits	21,864	19,647
Other long-term benefits:		
Long-service leave accrued	5,243	660
Total other long-term benefits	5,243	660
Termination benefits	-	-
Total	161,873	146,936

(b) Transactions with key management personnel and their close family members

Loans to/from key management personnel	-	-
Other transactions with key management personnel	-	-

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Notes to the Financial Statements

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Note 18 Remuneration of auditors

	2017 \$	2016 \$
PKF Mack		
Value of the services provided		
Financial statement audit services – 2016	9,500	9,010
Other services - 2016	12,500	-
Total remuneration of auditors	22,000	9,010

Other services refer to preparation of financial statements.

Note 19 Financial instruments

Financial risk management objectives

The Reporting unit's activities do not expose it to many financial risks and therefore are not actively managing these risks.

Categories of financial instruments

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	76,039	101,573
Fair Value through profit and loss:		
Shares in listed companies – held for trading	5,180	5,180
Loans and receivables:		
Trade and other receivables	296,125	240,133
Carrying amount of financial assets	377,344	346,886

Financial Liabilities

Other financial liabilities:		
Trade payables and accruals	130,205	79,563
Other payables	22,349	20,317
Carrying amount of financial liabilities	152,554	99,880

Net income and expenses from financial assets

Cash & cash equivalents		
Interest revenue	215	1,239
Net gain / (loss) from cash & cash equivalents	215	1,239

Fair Value through Profit or Loss Change in fair value

Change in fair value	-	-
Net gain / (loss) from Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	-	-
Net gain / (loss) from financial asset	215	1,239

Credit risk

The Reporting unit is not exposed to any significant credit risk and is therefore not actively managing its credit risk.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 19 Financial instruments (continued)

Credit quality of financial instruments not past due or individually determined as impaired

	Not past due or impaired 2017 \$	Past due or impaired 2017 \$	Not past due or impaired 2016 \$	Past due or impaired 2016 \$
Financial assets				
Trade and other receivables	296,125	-	240,133	-
Total	<u>296,125</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>240,133</u>	<u>-</u>

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2017

	0 – 30 days \$	31 – 60 days \$	61 – 90 days \$	90 days + \$	Total \$
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Ageing of financial assets that were past due but not impaired for 2016

	0 – 30 days \$	31 – 60 days \$	61 – 90 days \$	90 days + \$	Total \$
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 19 Financial instruments (continued)

Liquidity risk

The Reporting unit is not exposed to any significant liquidity risk and is therefore not actively managing it liquidity risk.

Contractual maturities for financial liabilities 2017

	On demand \$	< 1 year \$	1 – 2 years \$	2 – 5 years \$	> 5 years \$	Total \$
Trade creditors and accruals	130,205	-	-	-	-	130,205
Other payables	22,349	-	-	-	-	22,349
Total	152,554	-	-	-	-	152,554

Contractual maturities for financial liabilities 2016

	On demand \$	< 1 year \$	1 – 2 years \$	2 – 5 years \$	> 5 years \$	Total \$
Trade creditors and accruals	79,563	-	-	-	-	79,563
Other payables	20,317	-	-	-	-	20,317
Total	99,880	-	-	-	-	99,880

Market risk

The Reporting unit is not exposed to any significant market risks, including interest rate risk, price risk and currency risk, and is therefore not actively managing these risks. Given the insignificance of the risk no further information is provided as per the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 reporting requirements.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 20 Fair value measurement

Management of the Reporting unit assessed that cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, accruals and other payables approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities is included at the amount which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- Fair values of the Reporting unit's interest-bearing borrowings and loans are determined by using a discounted cash flow method. The discount rate used reflects the issuer's borrowing rate as at the end of the reporting period. The own performance risk as at 31 December 2017 was assessed to be insignificant.
- Fair value of available-for-sale financial assets is derived from quoted market prices in active markets.
- Long-term fixed-rate and variable-rate receivables/borrowings are evaluated by the Reporting unit based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the customer. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken into account for the expected losses of these receivables. As at 31 December 2017 the carrying amounts of such receivables, net of allowances, were not materially different from their calculated fair values.

The following table contains the carrying amount and related fair values for the Reporting unit's financial assets and liabilities:

	Carrying amount 2017 \$	Fair value 2017 \$	Carrying amount 2016 \$	Fair value 2016 \$
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	76,039	76,039	101,573	101,573
Other investments	5,180	5,180	5,180	5,180
Trade and other receivables	296,125	296,125	240,133	240,133
Total	377,344	377,344	346,886	346,886
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	130,205	130,205	79,563	79,563
Other payables	22,349	22,349	20,317	20,317
Total	152,554	152,554	99,880	99,880

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

Note 20 Fair value measurement (continued)

Fair value hierarchy

The following tables provides an analysis of financial and non-financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, by fair value hierarchy.

	Date of valuation	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	\$	\$	\$	\$
31 December 2017				
Assets measured at fair value				
Shares in listed companies	31/12/17	5,180	-	-
Total		5,180	-	-
31 December 2016				
Assets measured at fair value				
Shares in listed companies	31/12/16	5,180	-	-
Total		5,180	-	-

Note 21 Events after the reporting period

There were no events that occurred after 31 December 2017, and/or prior to the signing of the financial statements, that would affect the ongoing structure and financial activities of the Reporting unit.

Note 22 Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or the Commissioner:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the Commissioner, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).